

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICENATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED

DATE ENTERED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN *HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS*
TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS**1 NAME**

HISTORIC

Martingham

AND/OR COMMON

Martingham

2 LOCATIONSTREET & NUMBER Maryland Route 33, .6 mile southeast of
Maryland Route 579

CITY, TOWN

St. Michaels

☒ VICINITY OF

NOT FOR PUBLICATION

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

First

STATE

Marylan-

CODE

24

COUNTY

Talbot

CODE

041

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY

☐ DISTRICT
☒ BUILDING(S)
☐ STRUCTURE
☐ SITE
☐ OBJECT

OWNERSHIP

☐ PUBLIC
☒ PRIVATE☐ BOTH

PUBLIC ACQUISITION

☐ IN PROCESS
☐ BEING CONSIDERED

STATUS

☒ OCCUPIED
☐ UNOCCUPIED
☐ WORK IN PROGRESS
ACCESSIBLE
☐ YES: RESTRICTED
☐ YES: UNRESTRICTED
☒ NO

PRESENT USE

☒ AGRICULTURE ☐ MUSEUM
☐ COMMERCIAL ☐ PARK
☐ EDUCATIONAL ☒ PRIVATE RESIDENCE
☐ ENTERTAINMENT ☐ RELIGIOUS
☐ GOVERNMENT ☐ SCIENTIFIC
☐ INDUSTRIAL ☐ TRANSPORTATION
☐ MILITARY ☐ OTHER:**4 OWNER OF PROPERTY**

NAME

David R. Owen (Son: Jerry Owen)

STREET & NUMBER

Martingham (6003 Hunt Ridge Road)

CITY, TOWN

St. Michaels (Baltimore)

VICINITY OF

STATE

Maryland 21663 (21210)

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTIONCOURTHOUSE,
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Talbot County Courthouse

STREET & NUMBER

N. Washington Street

CITY, TOWN

Easton

STATE

Maryland 21601

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

☐ FEDERAL ☐ STATE ☐ COUNTY ☐ LOCALDEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

T-210

CONDITION

— EXCELLENT
☒ GOOD
— FAIR

— DETERIORATED
— RUINS
— UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

— UNALTERED
☒ ALTERED

CHECK ONE

☒ ORIGINAL SITE
— MOVED DATE _____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Martingham is a frame dwelling built on the south bank of Porter Creek in Talbot County. It is composed of three portions, the center part one and one-half stories, and the two flanking wings one story. The main part of the house and the east wing are of historic interest; the west wing was built in 1945 to balance the original kitchen wing.

From an early photograph, the configuration of the two oldest portions appears to have been very little altered. Two obvious exceptions are the introduction of two dormers on the south slope of the roof (and probably the north dormers), and the alteration of a door on the east gable of the main part to a window. The siding has been renewed as have most of the doors and some of the windows.

The main body of the house is three bays long and two bays deep. The central door is accessible through a small portico with benches and a brick floor which dates from the 20th century. The door itself is a six-panel, mid-19th century piece, the two upper panels replaced with glass. The brick foundation is greatly patched but in sound condition; on the face are removable vents with traces of a larger opening on the west side. Most of the south cornice has early fascia and crown molding. Two chimneys pierce the roof at the apex within each gable. Both gables have two windows with 6/6 sash flanking the chimney.

Across the north facade is a 20th century screened porch. Two dormers light the second story rooms. The east wing has a relatively low pitched roof and one dormer on the south side which is now purely decorative. The wing has a door and two windows and a small leanto which presently supplies access to a basement. Most of the fenestration has been altered on the north facade.

Inside, as is illustrated in H. Chandlee Forman's Old Buildings, Gardens and Furniture in Tidewater Maryland, there is a small entrance hall with enclosed stairway on the back wall. Flanking the entrance hall are two rooms and behind these are two other rooms. The front (south) rooms have fireplaces. On the east-west walls of the south half of the building are boxed posts, dividing the facade into three bays. On the south posts is a large quarter round molding like the summer beam on the second story ceiling of Carvill Hall, Kent County. All other trim is very plain. The floor is old yellow pine, but is an early replacement. The second story has a plain balustrade between the stair and the corridor connecting the two bedrooms. There is a bath on the south side of the corridor, and a small storage space and a closet for each room on the north side of the stair. Flooring has been replaced with narrow yellow pine. Most of the doors appear to date from circa 1820-30.

The kitchen wing (east) was totally remodeled into the present living room in the 1940's. The ceiling was raised and the dirt floor replaced with a board floor. According to the Forman plan it was composed of two rooms with a stair to the room above in the one adjacent to the main house. The position of posts on the north and south walls suggests the possibility of a previously detached kitchen.

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #1.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

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CONTINUATION SHEET

Martingham
Talbot County
Maryland

ITEM NUMBER

7

PAGE

1

(DESCRIPTION CONTINUED)

In the crawl space beneath the main portion of the house, a large brick area in the center of the building suggests an original central chimney. The west chimney is built of old brick but it is not keyed into the west wall as it would be if it were original. The east side was not accessible. A window grill from the cellar or crawl space window is lying on the ground. It possesses vertical bars about 1½" square.

Martingham originally began life as a two-room (per floor) dwelling with central chimney. The rear rooms were added and the roof altered to cover both rooms. At that time the chimney was also replaced by the gable fireplaces. The main portion was built around 1700 and was remodeled in the early 19th century. The kitchen appears to date from the early 19th century.

North of the kitchen stand two early outbuildings--a dairy and a smokehouse. The dairy is a small, square building with pyramidal roof and a lean-to porch. The finial is very weathered. The original floor is below grade now, and there is a makeshift wood floor. The building stands on a brick foundation.

The smokehouse is a good framed structure covered with white pine weatherboard standing on brick piers. The batten door has strap hinges and a long iron bar for securing it. Besides the usual joist or tie beam is one set of collar beams. Several areas of the walls are sheathed.

South of the house is the Hambleton graveyard in which Samuel Hambleton, first Purser of the U.S. Navy, is buried.

PERIOD		AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION			

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The architecture of Martingham, although vastly altered over the years, is significant because of its discernible original appearance; few buildings exist in Maryland from the 17th century. The presence of the brick chimney base confirms the use in early vernacular buildings of a central chimney. The same feature is visible in the larger Carvill Hall in Kent County, and Morgan Hill Farm, Calvert County (both National Register listed).

Martingham was the birthplace of Samuel Hambleton, first Purser of the U.S. Navy (see below). This property has been farmed since the 17th century and continues in agricultural use today, in spite of its proximity to the town of St. Michaels.

Robert Martyn was granted 500 acres of land for transporting his wife and five children to the Province. Martyn assigned 200 acres of this to William Champe, who, in turn, assigned that parcel called "Martingham" to William Hambleton, of Scotland, in 1659 (4/333).

William Hambleton took up the land and settled on it. By 1663, he had been appointed High Sheriff of the County, and was commissioned a Justice of the Peace. The following year, he was elected a Burgess or Delegate to the General Assembly. He died in 1675, leaving his dwelling plantation to his sons, William and John (Tilghman, p. 151). The estate passed from father to son through successive generations.

William Hambleton, owner at the time of the Revolution, was Captain of a company of militia. He fathered a large family, among whom was a son, born in 1777 at Martingham. Samuel Hambleton procured a position in the United States Navy, and was appointed Purser in 1806. He served with Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry at the Battle of Lake Erie in 1813, and for his gallant actions there was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor (Tilghman, p. 306).

Martingham remained in the possession of the Hambleton family until 1945, when the last of the male heirs died and the two surviving sisters, Mrs. Nannie H. Martin and Miss Amy Hambleton, sold the farm and the old dwelling house to William Littlewood and his wife, Dorothy (262/290).

In 1967 a part of the land was conveyed by the Littlewoods to Charles Iliff and David R. Owen, trading as "Miles River Farm," (421/74). In 1969 Owen purchased for his own use 7.228 acres and the dwelling house with outbuildings.* The adjoining acres are being farmed, and the nucleus of the old Hambleton home remains. Today, it is being carefully maintained.

*Recent land records indicate that Mr. Owen is now the sole owner of the house and the surrounding farm.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

T-210

SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #2.

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 100 acres

UTM REFERENCES

A

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

ZONE EASTING NORTHING

B

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

ZONE EASTING NORTHING

C

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

D

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE Michael Bourne, Architectural Consultant
Cynthia B. Ludlow, Research Historian

ORGANIZATION Maryland Historical Trust

STREET & NUMBER Shaw House, 21 State Circle

CITY OR TOWN Annapolis

DATE
1976; 1977

TELEPHONE
(301) 269-2438

STATE
Maryland 21401

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL STATE LOCAL

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE

TITLE STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER

DATE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

DATE

DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

TEST:

DATE

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

T-210

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DATE ENTERED

Martingham
Talbot County
Maryland

ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 2

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Land and Probate Records of Talbot County, Courthouse, Easton, Maryland.

Forman, H.C. Old Buildings, Gardens, and Furniture in Tidewater Maryland.
Cambridge, Maryland: 1967, pp. 121-126.

Tilghman, Oswald. History of Talbot County. Baltimore: Regional Publishing
Company, 1967 Reprint.

Wilson, E.B. Maryland's Colonial Mansions. New York: A.S. Barnes & Company,
1965, p. 67.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

T-210
2102 105104

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME

HISTORIC

Martingham

AND/OR COMMON

Martingham

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

Rt. 33, .6 miles S.E. of Rt. 579

CITY, TOWN

St. Michaels

— VICINITY OF

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

First

STATE

Maryland

COUNTY

Talbot

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY

☐ DISTRICT

☒ BUILDING(S)

☐ STRUCTURE

☐ SITE

☐ OBJECT

OWNERSHIP

☐ PUBLIC

☒ PRIVATE

☐ BOTH

PUBLIC ACQUISITION

☐ IN PROCESS

☐ BEING CONSIDERED

STATUS

☒ OCCUPIED

☐ UNOCCUPIED

☐ WORK IN PROGRESS

ACCESSIBLE

☐ YES RESTRICTED

☐ YES UNRESTRICTED

☒ NO

PRESENT USE

☒ AGRICULTURE

☐ COMMERCIAL

☐ EDUCATIONAL

☐ ENTERTAINMENT

☐ GOVERNMENT

☐ INDUSTRIAL

☐ MILITARY

☐ MUSEUM

☐ PARK

☒ PRIVATE RESIDENCE

☐ RELIGIOUS

☐ SCIENTIFIC

☐ TRANSPORTATION

☐ OTHER

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME

David R. Owen

STREET & NUMBER

Martingham

CITY, TOWN

St. Michaels

— VICINITY OF

STATE, zip code

Maryland 21663

Telephone #: (301) 745-2428

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE,

REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Talbot County Courthouse

STREET & NUMBER

N. Washington Street

CITY, TOWN

Easton

STATE

Maryland 21601

Liber #: 437

Folio #: 186

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

—FEDERAL —STATE —COUNTY —LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION

☐ EXCELLENT ☐ DETERIORATED
☒ GOOD ☐ RUINS
☐ FAIR ☐ UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

☐ UNALTERED
☒ ALTERED

CHECK ONE

☒ ORIGINAL SITE
☐ MOVED DATE _____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Martingham is a frame dwelling built on the south bank of Porter Creek in Talbot County. It is composed of three portions, the center part being one and one-half storys and the two flanking wings being one story. The main part of the house and the east wing are of historic interest, the west wing having been built in 1945 to balance the original kitchen wing.

From an early photograph, the configuration of the two oldest portions appear to have been very little altered. Two obvious exceptions are the introduction of two dormers on the south slope of the roof (and probably the north dormers) and the alteration of a door on the east gable of the main part of the house to a window. The siding has been renewed as have most of the doors and some of the windows.

The main body of the house is three bays long and two bays deep. The central door is accessible through a small portico with benches and a brick floor, the later of twentieth century date. The door itself is a six panel mid-19th century piece, the two upper panels having been replaced with glass. The brick foundation is greatly patched but in sound condition. On the face are removable vents with traces of a larger opening on the west side. Most of the south cornice has early fascia and crown molding. Two chimneys pierce the roof at the apex within each gable. Both gables have two windows with 6/6 sash flanking the chimney.

Across the north facade is a 20th century screened porch. Two dormers light the second story rooms. The east wing has a relatively low pitch roof and one dormer on the south side which is now purely decorative. The wing has a door and two windows and a small leanto which presently supplies access to a basement. Most of the fenestration has been altered on the north facade.

Inside, as is illustrated in H. Chandlee Forman's Old Buildings, Gardens and Furniture in Tidewater Maryland, there is a small entrance hall with enclosed stairway on the back wall. Flanking the entrance hall are two rooms and behind (north) the latter rooms are two other rooms. The front (south) rooms have fireplaces. On the lateral walls of the south half of the building are boxed posts, dividing the facade into three bays. On the south posts are a large quarter round molding like the summer beam on the second story ceiling of Carvill Hall, Kent County. All other trim is very plain. The floor is old yellow pine, but is an early replacement. The second story has a plain balustrade, a corridor connecting two bedrooms with a bath on the south side of the corridor. There is also a small storage space on the north side of the stair. Flooring has been replaced with narrow yellow pine. Most of the doors appear to date from c. 1820-30.

The kitchen wing (east) was totally remodeled into the present living room in the 1940's. The ceiling was raised and the dirt floor replaced with a board floor. According to the Forman plan

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

#7 Continued

it was composed of two rooms with a stair to the room above in a room adjacent the main house. The position of posts on the north and south walls suggest the possibility of a previously detached kitchen.

On examination of the crawl space beneath the main portion of the house a large brick area in the center of the building suggest an original central chimney. The west chimney is built of old brick but it is not keyed into the west wall as would have been done if it were original. The east side was not accessible. A window grill from the cellar or crawl space window is lying on the ground. It possesses vertical bars about 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ " square.

Martingham originally began life as a two room (per floor) dwelling with central chimney. The rear rooms were added and the roof altered to cover both rooms. At that time the chimney was also replaced by the gable fireplaces. The main portion was built around 1700 and was remodeled in the early nineteenth century. The kitchen appears to date from the early 19th century.

North of the kitchen stand two early outbuildings, a dairy and a smokehouse. The dairy is a small square building with pyramidal roof and a lean-to porch. The finial is very weathered. The original floor is below grade, now, there is a makeshift wood floor. It stands upon a brick foundation.

The smokehouse is a good framed structure covered with white pine weatherboard standing upon brick piers. The batten door has strap hinges and a long iron bar for securing the door. Beside the usual joist or tie beam is one set of cellar beams. Several areas of the walls are sheathed.

South of the house is the Hambleton graveyard in which Samuel Hambleton is buried.

PERIOD		AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS-GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)		
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION				

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Martingham's architecture, although vastly altered over the years is significant because of its discernable original appearance. Few buildings exist in Maryland from that early period. The presence of the brick chimney base confirms the use, in early vernacular buildings, of a central chimney. The same feature is visible in the larger Carvill Hall in Kent County and Hill Farm, Calvert County.

L4
F333
1659
63
1670
H. T. C.
pg 151
1776
H. T. C.
O. T.
pg 306
1806
1945
L262
F290
1967
L421
F74

Robert Martyn was granted 500 acres of land for transporting his wife and 5 children to the Province. 200 acres of this Martyn assigned to William Champe who in turn assigned that parcel called Martingham to William Hambleton of Scotland. By 1663 William Hambleton had been appointed High Sheriff of the County, and was commissioned a Justice of the Peace. The following year he was elected a Burgess of Delegate to the General Assembly. He died in 1675 leaving his dwelling plantation to his sons John and William. The estate passed from father to son through successive generations. William Hambleton was Captain of a company of militia during the Revolution and fathered a large family, among whom was a son, Samuel, born in 1777, who was fortunate enough to procure a position in the United States Navy and was appointed purser in 1806. He served with Commodore Perry at the Battle of Lake Erie and for his gallant actions was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor. Martingham remained in the possession of the Hambleton family until the last of the male heirs died and the two surviving sisters, Mrs. Nannie H. Martin and Amy S. Hambleton sold the farm and the old dwelling house to Mr. William Littlewood and his wife, Dorothy. The farm and dwelling thereon was sold to David R. Owen in whose ownership it remains.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Wilson, E.B., Maryland's Colonial Mansion, A.S. Barnes & Co.,
New York, 1965, p. 67.

Forman, H.C., Old Buildings, Gardens, and Furniture,
Tidewater Publishers, Cambridge, 1967, p. 121-26.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

COUNTY

STATE

COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Michael Bourne, Architectural Consultant, & Cynthia Ludlow

ORGANIZATION

Maryland Historical Trust

DATE

Jan., 1977

STREET & NUMBER

Shaw House, 21 State Circle

TELEPHONE

CITY OR TOWN

Annapolis

STATE

Maryland 21401

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438

ST MICHAELS

Dist. N° 2

TALBOT CO.



Lake, Griffith, & Stevenson Atlas, 1877

Hartingham
cumberry Colonel S, Hambleton, 1877

Hartingham

St. Michaels Quad

T-210





12 x 1.78

75%

210

Martingham -

T-210



S.E

MICHAEL BOURNE

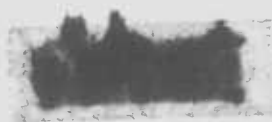
3/26



Martingham

outbldgs

T-210



S.

MICHAEL BOURNE

3/26



Martingham
Talbot County, Maryland
Michael Bourne, 1976-1977
Neg. at MHT

T-210

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